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WINNERS AND LOSERS UNDER ADMINISTRATION'S 2007 HOUSING VOUCHER FUNDING PLAN

New Mexico

The table below compares estimates of the number of vouchers that would be funded in 2007 under the Administration's budget proposal with the number funded in 2006 and the number in use in 2005. Under the Administration's plan:

• An estimated **21 housing agencies in New Mexico** would be forced **to cut assistance to 167 lowincome** families in 2007, compared to the number they are able to help in 2006.

When the number of vouchers the Administration is proposing to fund in 2007 is compared to the total number Congress has authorized agencies to administer (rather than the number funded in 2006), the shortfalls faced by some agencies are even deeper:

• At **19 New Mexico housing agencies, 5 percent or more of the vouchers** Congress authorized the agency to issue to needy families **would be left unused in 2007 because of inadequate funding**. Statewide, the number of vouchers funded would be 7 percent below the number agencies are authorized to issue.

Because the Administration has proposed a flawed and inequitable formula for distributing voucher funds in 2007, these funding shortfalls would occur at the same time that other agencies would receive more funding than they need to cover vouchers that are funded in 2006. Indeed, if it were distributed more efficiently, the total amount of funding the Administration requested to renew housing vouchers in 2007 likely would be adequate to cover the vouchers that were funded in 2006 at every agency — averting all of the cuts below 2006 levels listed in this table. For further information on the potential cuts and other issues raised by the Administration's budget proposal, see http://www.cbpp.org/3-13-06hous.htm.

		Actual Approp		2007 Administration Budget Request		
Housing Agency	Total Authorized Vouchers ¹	Potential Increase (or Loss) in Vouchers from 2005 Level ²	Total Vouchers Funded ³	Change in Vouchers Funded from 2006 Level	Total Vouchers Funded⁴	Percent of Total Authorized Vouchers Funded⁵
Alamogordo Housing	58	7	50	-1	49	84%
Albuquerque HA	3,851	-88	3,698	-52	3,646	95%
Bernalillo Co.	2,021	-38	1,784	-27	1,757	87%
Bernalillo HA	75	5	75	0	75	100%
Clovis HA	608	-14	522	-9	513	84%

		Actual				
		Approp Potential Increase	riation	2007 Admini Change in	istration Bud	lget Request Percent of
Housing Agency	Total Authorized Vouchers ¹	(or Loss) in Vouchers from 2005 Level ²	Total Vouchers Funded ³	Vouchers Funded from 2006 Level	Total Vouchers Funded⁴	Total Authorized Vouchers Funded⁵
Cuba HA	58	0	48	-1	47	81%
Dona Ana County HA	605	42	605	2	607	100%
Eastern Plains Council of Gov/Region IV HA	557	-25	523	-7	516	93%
Gallup HA	38	3	32	-1	31	82%
Grants HA	98	6	98	2	100	102%
Las Cruces	917	157	908	-14	894	97%
Lordsburg PHA	10	0	7	0	7	70%
Los Lunas, Village	122	0	120	-2	118	97%
Mexico	204	16	173	-2	171	84%
Mora County HA	66	1	55	-1	54	82%
Mountainair HA	136	21	131	-2	129	95%
New Mexico Region II HA	104	4	101	-1	100	96%
Region V HA	911	44	911	26	937	103%
Region VI HA	1,285	37	1,259	-20	1,239	96%
Rio Arriba County HA	25	-5	17	0	17	68%
San Juan County HA	278	3	237	-3	234	84%
San Miguel County	112	6	107	-2	105	94%
Santa Fe Civic HA	514	-6	481	-7	474	92%
Santa Fe County Housing	241	-9	223	-3	220	91%
Socorro County HA	318	10	278	-4	274	86%
Taos County HA	448	13	428	-6	422	94%
Truth or Consequences HA	170	-1	158	-2	156	92%
Tucumcari HA	140	4	140	11	151	108%
New Mexico	13,970	193	13,169	-126	13,043	93 % ⁶

¹ Figures for total authorized vouchers are based on HUD data as of January 2006.

 2 Compares number of authorized vouchers funded in 2006 (3rd data column) with number of vouchers actually used in January – September 2005, based on agency data submitted to HUD. For some agencies, a portion of the increase in vouchers that can be used in 2006 compared with vouchers leased in 2005 is due to the award of new vouchers during 2005 to replace other federal housing subsidies. These new vouchers were in use in part but not all of 2005.

³ Based on CBPP estimates of funding available to each agency. Includes only vouchers funded up to each agency's authorized level, as of January 2006. Assumes each agency's average voucher cost remains level in the last three months of 2005 and increases at the applicable HUD inflation factor beginning January 1, 2006. Figures for some agencies include tenant protection vouchers awarded in 2005 and before; because information released by HUD on tenant protection vouchers is incomplete, the actual number of such vouchers is somewhat uncertain.

⁴ Based on CBPP estimates of funding each agency would receive under the proposed formula and of likely per unit costs in 2007. Does not include renewal of tenant protection vouchers that will be awarded in 2006, as these

approximately 26,000 vouchers cannot be allocated to the agency level in advance of award. Our estimates assume that these additional vouchers will be renewed, subject to the same proration as other renewal funding.

⁵ Under HUD's SEMAP performance measurement system, agencies that use fewer than 95 percent of their authorized vouchers are considered deficient performers. These figures compare the funding available in 2007 under the President's request to renew vouchers that were authorized as of January 2006 (listed in the first data column). Under the Administration's proposal and our estimates, vouchers awarded subsequent to January 2006 also would receive renewal funding through calendar year 2007, subject to the same proration as other renewal funding.

⁶ The statewide percentage of authorized vouchers funded compares the total number of vouchers renewed in 2007 to the total number authorized in 2006. If some agencies in the state are funded for more than 100 percent of their authorized vouchers, the statewide percentage understates the share of authorized vouchers left unfunded in particular communities.