District of Columbia

The District of Columbia Treats Working-Poor Families Under Its Income Tax Better Than Most States

D.C.'s 2005 income tax threshold

Rank among the 42 states with income taxes

(The income level at which families begin paying income tax)

(1 = lowest threshold)

For single-parent families of three: \$22,900

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For two-parent families of four: \$23,900

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D.C.'s 2005 income tax levied on working-poor and near-poor families

Rank (1 = highest tax)

For families of three with incomes at the poverty line (\$15,577): \$1,047 refund

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For families of four with incomes at the poverty line (\$19,961): \$588 refund

38 40

For families of three with minimum-wage earnings (\$13,728): \$1,229 refund
For families of three with incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$19,471): \$516 refund

38

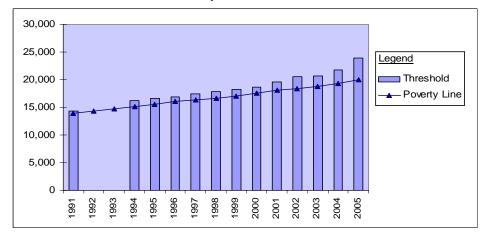
For families of four with incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$24,951): \$155

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D.C. has consistently exempted families with below-poverty earnings from its income tax.

- Since the early 1990's, D.C.'s tax threshold for a family of four has more than kept up with the poverty line.
- The recent expansion of D.C.'s Earned Income Tax Credit has increased its thresholds and the refund it provides to working-poor and near-poor families.

Income Tax Threshold for Family of Four



Year	Threshold
1991	\$14,300
1992	no data
1993	no data
1994	\$16,200
1995	\$16,600
1996	\$16,900
1997	\$17,500
1998	\$17,900
1999	\$18,200
2000	\$18,600
2001	\$19,600
2002	\$20,500
2003	\$20,700
2004	\$21,700
2005	\$23,900

