

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the nation's most important anti-hunger program.

Whom Does SNAP Reach?

In Fiscal Year 2017, it reached:

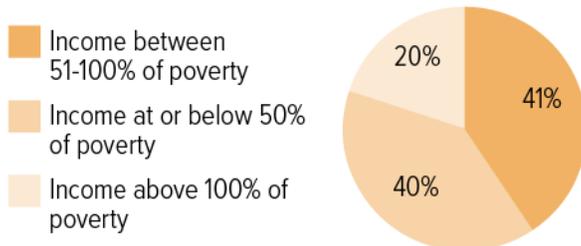
- **93,000** South Dakota residents, or **11%** of the state population (**1 in 9**)
- **42,000,000** participants in the United States, or **13%** of the total population (**1 in 8**)

SOUTH DAKOTA	more than 75% of SNAP participants are in families with children	almost 25% are in families with members who are elderly or have disabilities	more than 48% are in working families
NATIONALLY	more than 68% of SNAP participants are in families with children	more than 31% are in families with members who are elderly or have disabilities	more than 44% are in working families

Source: CBPP analysis of data from USDA Food and Nutrition Service, FY 2016

Most SNAP Participants in South Dakota Are Poor

Share of participants by household income, FY 2016



Source: CBPP analysis of FY 2016 USDA SNAP Household Characteristics data

Many South Dakota households struggle to put food on the table. The most recent data show:

- **10.6%** of households were “food insecure,” or struggled to afford a nutritionally adequate diet.
- **13.3%** of the population lived below the poverty line.
- **16.5%** of children lived below the poverty line.
- **10.9%** of elderly lived below the poverty line.

SNAP reaches needy populations: **90%** of eligible individuals participated in SNAP in South Dakota in 2015, and **85%** of eligible workers participated.

SNAP kept **27,000** people out of poverty in South Dakota, including **11,000** children, per year between 2009 and 2012, on average. (These figures adjust for households' underreporting of benefits.)

What Benefits Do SNAP Recipients Receive?

SNAP targets benefits according to need. Very poor households receive more SNAP benefits than households closer to the poverty line since they need more help affording an adequate diet. SNAP recipients in [South Dakota](#) received [\\$141 million](#) in benefits in 2017.



Average monthly SNAP benefit for each household member:

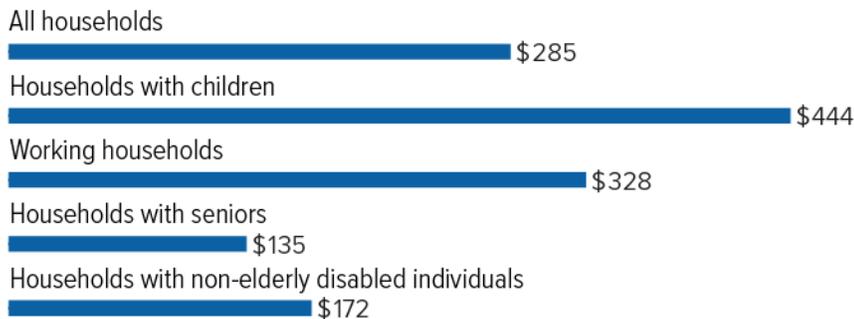
Fiscal Year 2017

\$126

Average SNAP benefit per person per meal:

\$1.38

Average Monthly SNAP Benefit By Demographic Group, FY 2016, South Dakota



Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of Research and Analysis, "Characteristics of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Households: Fiscal Year 2016"

How Does SNAP Benefit the Economy?

Moody's Analytics estimates that in a weak economy, \$1 in SNAP benefits generates [\\$1.70](#) in economic activity. Households receive SNAP benefits on electronic benefit transfer (EBT) cards, which can be used only to purchase food at one of the [263,100](#) authorized retail locations around the country, including [800](#) in South Dakota.



For more information on SNAP, including [South Dakota-specific information](#), please see:

Center on Budget and Policy Priorities Chart Book: <http://www.cbpp.org/research/food-assistance/chart-book-snap-helps-struggling-families-put-food-on-the-table>

USDA SNAP data: <http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/supplemental-nutrition-assistance-program-snap>

South Dakota SNAP program: <http://dss.sd.gov/economicassistance/snap/>

Notes: In addition to SNAP, in FY 2017, based on preliminary data, an average of about 8,500 individuals in South Dakota received benefits through the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), which is a federal program that provides commodity foods to low-income households, including the elderly, living on Indian reservations, and to Native American families residing in designated areas near reservations and in the State of Oklahoma.