The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the nation’s most important and effective anti-hunger program. Congress made many temporary improvements to SNAP during the COVID-19 pandemic to take advantage of the program’s ability to deliver benefits quickly in response to job and income losses, including by authorizing emergency allotments and certain eligibility and administrative changes. These changes have either already ended or will expire when the public health emergency ends on May 11, 2023. Arkansas ended emergency allotments starting in July 2021.

**Whom Does SNAP Reach?**

In fiscal year 2022, it helped:

- **281,100** Arkansas residents, or **9%** of the state population (**1 in 11**)
- **41,206,900** participants in the United States, or **12%** of the total population (**1 in 8**)

### ARKANSAS

- more than **71%** of SNAP participants are in families with children
- more than **41%** are in families with members who are older adults or are disabled
- more than **40%** are in working families

### NATIONALLY

- more than **65%** of SNAP participants are in families with children
- more than **36%** are in families with members who are older adults or are disabled
- more than **41%** are in working families

Source: CBPP analysis of data from USDA Food and Nutrition Service, fiscal year 2020 (pre-pandemic period)

**Most SNAP Participants in Arkansas Have Incomes Below the Poverty Line**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Level</th>
<th>Arkansas Percentage</th>
<th>Nationally Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income at or below 50% of poverty line</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income between 51-100% of poverty line</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income above 100% of poverty line</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>43%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: CBPP analysis of data from USDA Food and Nutrition Service, fiscal year 2020 (pre-pandemic period)

**Many Arkansas households struggle to put food on the table. The most recent data show:**

- **15.0%** of households were “food insecure,” meaning that their access to adequate food is limited by a lack of money and other resources.
- **16.3%** of the population lived below the poverty line.
- **22.4%** of children lived below the poverty line.
- **11.7%** of older adults lived below the poverty line.

**SNAP reaches populations in need:** **66%** of eligible individuals participated in SNAP in **Arkansas** in 2018, and **61%** of eligible workers participated.

SNAP lifted **79,000** people above the poverty line in **Arkansas**, including **40,000** children, per year between 2014 and 2018, on average. (These figures adjust for households’ underreporting of benefits.)
What Benefits Do SNAP Participants Receive?

SNAP targets benefits according to need. Households with very low incomes receive more SNAP benefits than households closer to the poverty line because they need more help affording adequate food. SNAP participants in Arkansas received $460.33 million in benefits in 2019, $660.92 million in 2020, $765.79 million in 2021, and $516.05 million in 2022 (including temporary pandemic relief in 2020 through 2022).

SNAP benefits since early 2020 have been affected by temporary pandemic-related benefit increases; an adjustment to the Thrifty Food Plan, upon which SNAP benefits are based; and higher-than-normal cost-of-living adjustments to reflect high food price inflation.

| Average SNAP benefit in nominal dollars, fiscal year 2023 (estimated, after all pandemic measures expire) |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| For each household member per month:             | $170                                             |
| For each household member per day:               | $5.59                                            |

### Average Monthly SNAP Benefit By Demographic Group, Fiscal Year 2020 (pre-pandemic period), Arkansas

- All households: $233
- Households with children: $379
- Working households: $294
- Households with older adults: $87
- Households with non-elderly disabled individuals: $170

Source: CBPP analysis of data from USDA Food and Nutrition Service, fiscal year 2020 (pre-pandemic period)

How Does SNAP Benefit the Economy?

The U.S. Department of Agriculture estimates that in a weak economy, $1 in SNAP benefits generates $1.50 in economic activity. Households receive SNAP benefits on electronic benefit transfer cards, which can be used only to purchase food at one of about 254,400 authorized retail locations around the country, including some 2,600 in Arkansas.

For more information on SNAP, including Arkansas-specific information, please see:
- Arkansas SNAP program: [https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/divisions-shared-services/county-operations/supplemental-nutrition-assistance-snap/](https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/divisions-shared-services/county-operations/supplemental-nutrition-assistance-snap/)

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*a* Shares are for the pre-pandemic period of fiscal year 2020, from October 2019 to February 2020. Administrative data on the pandemic period of fiscal year 2020 (March 2020 through September 2020) are not presented, because state data are not available for every month during this period. The COVID-19 pandemic limited data collection in the months of March through September 2020.

*b* Ibid.