

Medicaid provides health coverage that helps low-income seniors, children, and people with disabilities get needed health care. It gives parents and other adults economic security through health coverage that protects them from medical debt and allows them to stay healthy and engaged in their community. It is jointly run by the federal and state governments.

Medicaid Helps South Dakota's Kids, Seniors, People with Disabilities, and Families

139,800

South Dakotans get quality health coverage through Medicaid.

Most are children, seniors, or people with disabilities.



83,100 of South Dakota's children get health care through Medicaid.

That's **3 of 8** kids in our state who can see a doctor when they are sick, and get the vaccinations and screenings they need to stay healthy, thanks to Medicaid.

Medicaid helps **4,200** of South Dakota's babies get a healthy start in life each year.

13,000 of South Dakota's seniors get health care through Medicaid, including nursing home care and services that help them live at home.

Medicaid provides **20,800** people with disabilities in South Dakota access to critical care that helps them live independently.^[1]



That's **36%** of births in our state.



That's **10%** of seniors in our state.



That's **21%** of people with disabilities in our state.

Medicaid Is Effective



Medicaid Improves Health

- Medicaid beneficiaries are more likely than the uninsured to access preventive care, such as mammograms for women and vaccinations for kids.
- They also are more likely to have a regular office or clinic where they can get primary care.
- Expanding Medicaid coverage for low-income adults reduced mortality by 6 percent on average, a key study found.



Medicaid Provides Vital Support to Seniors and People With Disabilities

Medicaid allows millions of seniors and people with disabilities to get the support and care they need to live at home, as well as nursing home care for those who need it. In fact, Medicaid pays for half of all long-term services and supports provided across the country.

^[1] Includes people with physical conditions (such as traumatic brain injuries), intellectual or developmental disabilities (such as cerebral palsy), and serious behavioral disorders or mental illness (such as schizophrenia). Nearly two-thirds of beneficiaries who qualify due to disability do not receive Supplemental Security Income.



Fewer Kids Go Without Health Insurance Thanks to Medicaid...

Medicaid, along with the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), has significantly reduced the ranks of uninsured children. In South Dakota, just **6.2%** of children are uninsured, compared to **13.1%** of non-elderly adults.

...And South Dakota Can Improve Coverage for Adults by Expanding Medicaid

29,000

adults are projected to gain Medicaid coverage.



Medicaid Has Long-Term Benefits for Kids

Children who are eligible for Medicaid health coverage:



do better in school,



miss fewer school days due to illness or injury,



are more likely to finish high school, attend college, and graduate from college,



have fewer emergency-room visits and hospitalizations as adults, and



earn more as adults.



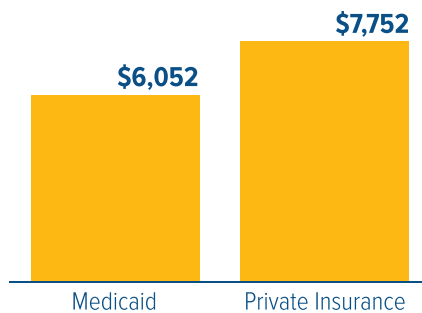
Medicaid Improves Financial Security

People with Medicaid coverage are less likely than people without insurance to go into medical debt or to leave other bills unpaid to cover their medical expenses.

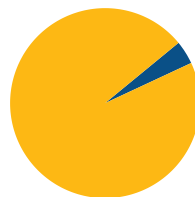
Medicaid Is Efficient

Medicaid costs less than private insurance.

2009 costs per enrollee, adjusted for differences in health status



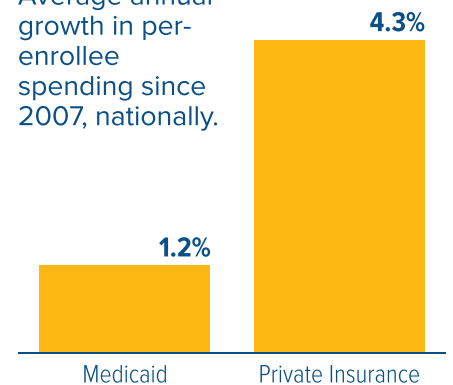
Medicaid's administrative costs are low.



Nationally, Medicaid's administrative costs are less than half the administrative costs of private insurers.

Medicaid spending has grown more slowly than private insurance.

Average annual growth in per-enrollee spending since 2007, nationally.



For more information about Medicaid visit: <https://www.cbpp.org/topics/medicaid-and-chip>