

Oklahoma | TANF Caseload Factsheet



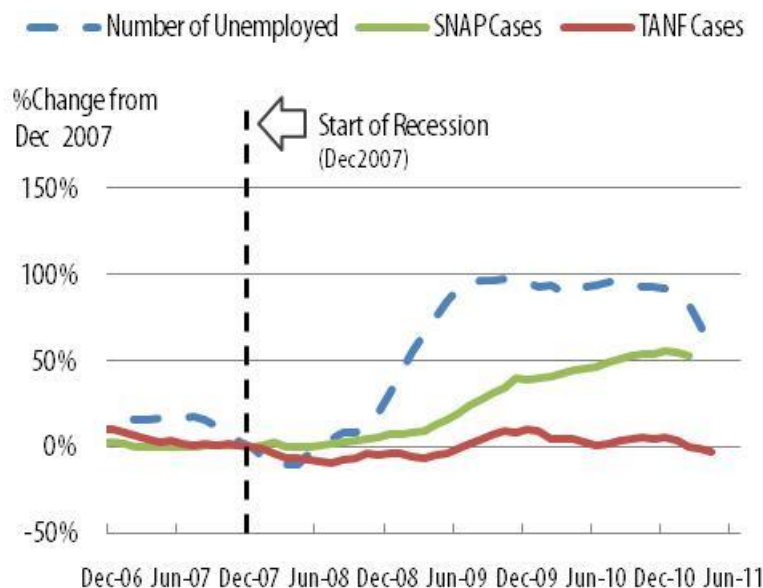
The TANF caseload in Oklahoma increased by 10 percent from Dec 07 to Dec 09.

TANF, SNAP and Unemployment Trends

	Dec 07	Dec 09	Dec 10	% Change Dec 07-09	% Change Dec 09-10
Number of Unemployed	62,200	121,400	119,200	95%	-2%
SNAP Cases	174,800	243,100	271,100	39%	12%
TANF Cases	9,200	10,200	9,800	10%	-4%

- Oklahoma's TANF caseload was declining prior to the recession and continued to decline during the first year of the recession. The caseload increased moderately from December 2008 to December 2009 and declined slightly from December 2009 to December 2010.
- Among all states, Oklahoma ranked 28th in the amount its caseload increased from December 2007 to December 2009.

Changes in TANF Cases, SNAP Cases, and the Number of Unemployed Persons



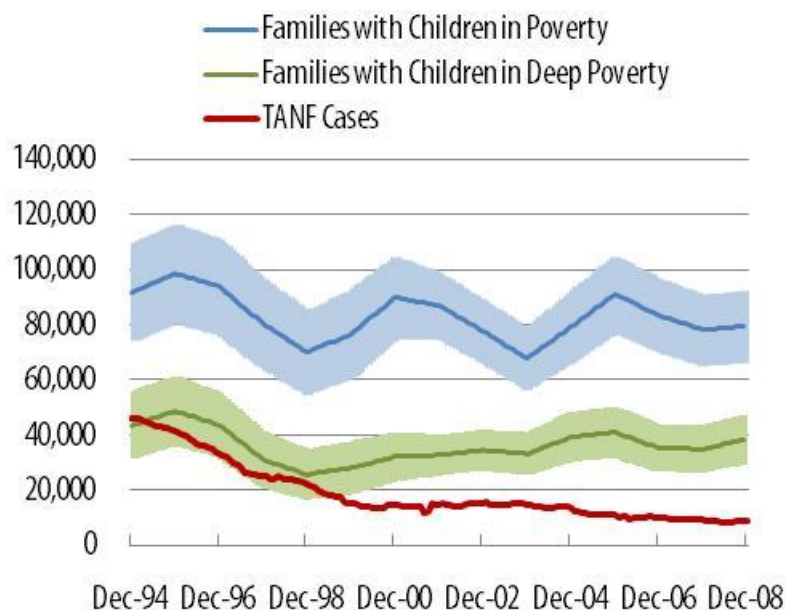
A smaller share of needy families receives TANF now compared to 15 years ago.

TANF and Poverty Trends in Oklahoma

Families with children:	1994-95	2008-09
... on AFDC/TANF	45,300	9,000
... in Poverty	91,800	79,500
TANF to Poverty Ratio	49	11
<i>United States TANF to Poverty Ratio</i>	75	28

- In 1994-95, for every 100 Oklahoma families in poverty, the AFDC program served 49 families. In 2008-09, only 11 families participated in TANF for every 100 in poverty.
- In 2009, Oklahoma used 8% of its state and federal TANF funds on Basic Assistance.
- The monthly grant for a family of three in Oklahoma was \$292 in 2010, 32% lower than in 1996 after adjusting for inflation.

Number of Families with Children in Poverty, Deep Poverty and TANF Cases



Beginning in 2006, this analysis uses TANF caseload data collected directly from state agencies rather than the official data reported by HHS in order to more consistently reflect the number of families receiving cash welfare in each state over time. Unlike the HHS data, these data include solely state-funded programs, and exclude worker supplement programs.

Deep Poverty refers to families below half the poverty line. Shading in graph shows the 90% confidence interval (lower and upper bound) of poverty estimates. Two years of Current Population Survey (CPS) data were merged to improve reliability. For example, Dec-08 represents merged CPS poverty data for calendar years 2008 and 2009.