

# Maryland | TANF Caseload Factsheet



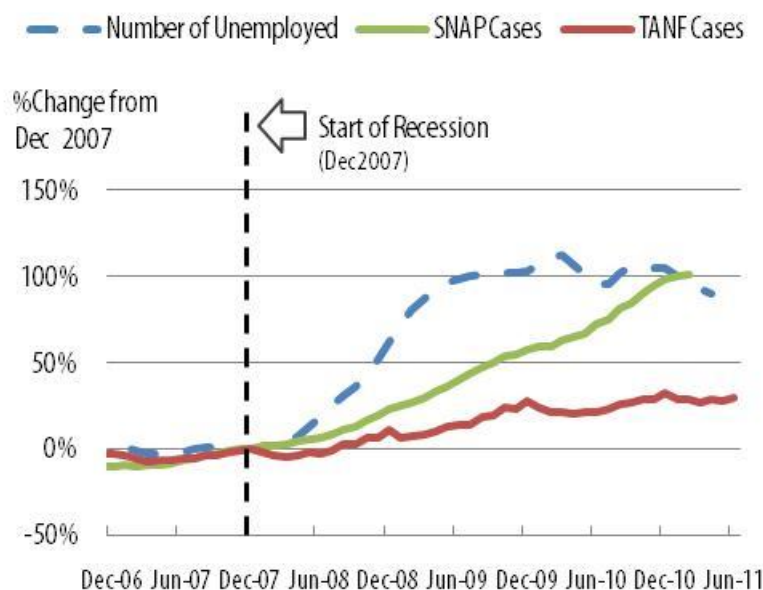
The TANF caseload in Maryland increased by 28 percent from Dec 07 to Dec 09.

## TANF, SNAP and Unemployment Trends

	Dec 07	Dec 09	Dec 10	% Change Dec 07-09	% Change Dec 09-10
Number of Unemployed	107,300	217,300	219,700	<b>102%</b>	<b>1%</b>
SNAP Cases	160,200	252,100	317,400	<b>57%</b>	<b>26%</b>
TANF Cases	22,300	28,500	29,600	<b>28%</b>	<b>4%</b>

- Maryland's TANF caseload was stable prior to the recession. Other than seasonal fluctuations, Maryland's caseload has been increasing moderately since the start of the recession.
- Among all states, Maryland ranked 11th in the amount its caseload increased from December 2007 to December 2009.

## Changes in TANF Cases, SNAP Cases, and the Number of Unemployed Persons



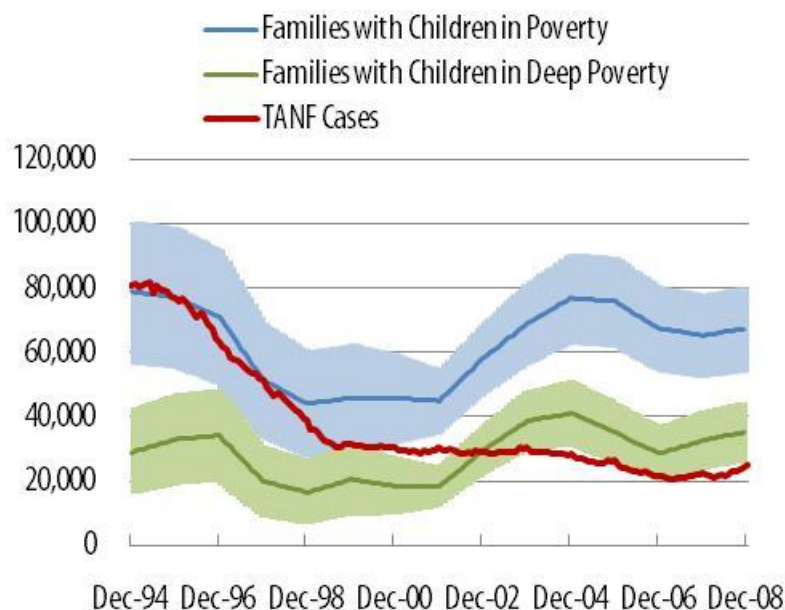
A smaller share of needy families receives TANF now compared to 15 years ago.

## TANF and Poverty Trends in Maryland

Families with children:	1994-95	2008-09
... on AFDC/TANF	80,100	24,100
... in Poverty	78,800	67,400
<b>TANF to Poverty Ratio</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>36</b>
<i>United States TANF to Poverty Ratio</i>	75	28

- In 1994-95, for every 100 Maryland families in poverty, the AFDC program served 102 families. In 2008-09, only 36 families participated in TANF for every 100 in poverty.
- In 2009, Maryland used 20% of its state and federal TANF funds on Basic Assistance.
- The monthly grant for a family of three in Maryland was \$574 in 2010, 11% higher than in 1996 after adjusting for inflation.

## Number of Families with Children in Poverty, Deep Poverty and TANF Cases



Beginning in 2006, this analysis uses TANF caseload data collected directly from state agencies rather than the official data reported by HHS in order to more consistently reflect the number of families receiving cash welfare in each state over time. Unlike the HHS data, these data include solely state-funded programs, and exclude worker supplement programs.

Deep Poverty refers to families below half the poverty line. Shading in graph shows the 90% confidence interval (lower and upper bound) of poverty estimates. Two years of Current Population Survey (CPS) data were merged to improve reliability. For example, Dec-08 represents merged CPS poverty data for calendar years 2008 and 2009.