Rhode Island

Federal Policies Have Cost Rhode Island \$564 Million over the Past Four Years

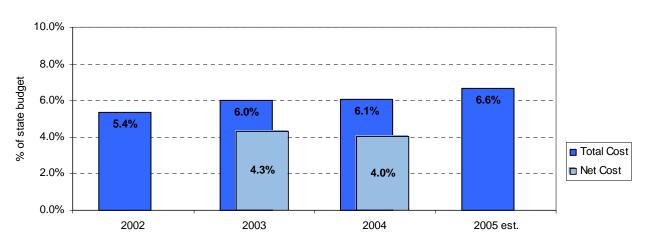
Federal Policies Affect Rhode Island Revenue and Spending Levels, 2002-2005		Cost to Rhode Island
>	Federal Tax Changes: Recently enacted federal tax cuts reduce state revenue directly.	\$0
>	Remote Sales: States cannot collect sales taxes on goods & services purchased over the Internet due to federal law and court decisions.	\$168 million
>	Internet Access: States are generally prohibited from applying tax to Internet access charges.	\$23 million
>	<i>Unfunded Mandates</i> : Federal government imposes responsibilities on states but provides insufficient funding.	\$328 million
>	Medicare/Medicaid Dual Eligibles: Increased use of prescription drugs shifts costs of health care for low-income elderly from federal Medicare program to state Medicaid programs.	\$146 million
>	Federal Fiscal Relief: Congress approved temporary grants in 2003.	(\$102 million)
	TOTAL COST (net of fiscal relief), 2002-2005:	\$564 million

Federal Policies Have Worsened Rhode Island's Fiscal Problems

Ranking among 50 states plus D.C.

Total cost as percent of General Fund budget (2002-2005):
Net cost as percent of General Fund budget,
including offsetting federal fiscal relief (2002-2005):
5.1%

Net Cost of Federal Policy to Rhode Island as a Percentage of State General Fund Budget



Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, Passing Down the Deficit: Federal Policies Contribute to the Severity of the State Fiscal Crisis. May 12. 2004.