California

Federal Policies Have Cost California \$21 Billion over the Past Four Years

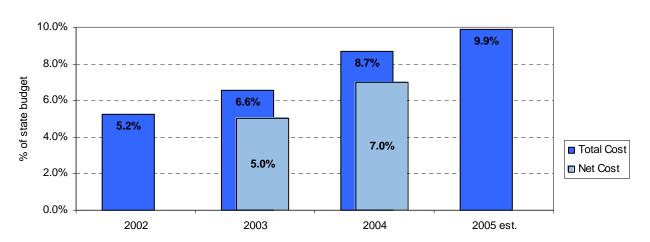
Federal Policies Affect California Revenue and Spending Levels, 2002-2005		Cost to California
>	Federal Tax Changes: Recently enacted federal tax cuts reduce state revenue directly.	\$2.3 billion
>	Remote Sales: States cannot collect sales taxes on goods & services purchased over the Internet due to federal law and court decisions.	\$8.0 billion
>	Internet Access: States are generally prohibited from applying tax to Internet access charges.	\$822 million
>	<i>Unfunded Mandates</i> : Federal government imposes responsibilities on states but provides insufficient funding.	\$8.4 billion
>	Medicare/Medicaid Dual Eligibles: Increased use of prescription drugs shifts costs of health care for low-income elderly from federal Medicare program to state Medicaid programs.	\$4.0 billion
>	Federal Fiscal Relief: Congress approved temporary grants in 2003.	(\$2.4 billion)
	TOTAL COST (net of fiscal relief), 2002-2005:	\$21 billion

Federal Policies Have Worsened California's Fiscal Problems

Ranking among 50 states plus D.C.

Total cost as percent of General Fund budget (2002-2005):
 Net cost as percent of General Fund budget,
 including offsetting federal fiscal relief (2002-2005):
 6.8%

Net Cost of Federal Policy to California as a Percentage of State General Fund Budget



Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, Passing Down the Deficit: Federal Policies Contribute to the Severity of the State Fiscal Crisis, May 12, 2004.