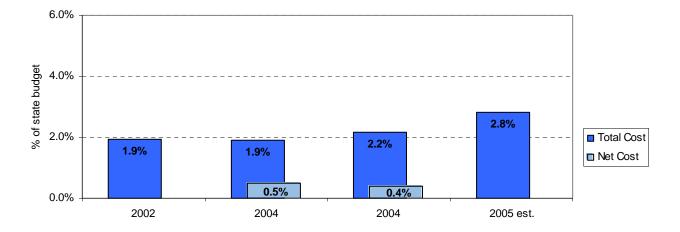
## Alaska

## Federal Policies Have Cost Alaska \$129 Million over the Past Four Years

	al Policies Affect Alaska nue and Spending Levels, 2002-2005		Cost to Alaska
$\triangleright$	Federal Tax Changes: Recently enacted federal tax cuts reduce st revenue directly.	tate	\$8 million
$\triangleright$	Remote Sales: States cannot collect sales taxes on goods & service purchased over the Internet due to federal law and court decision		\$0
$\triangleright$	<i>Internet Access</i> : States are generally prohibited from applying tax Internet access charges.		\$0
$\triangleright$	Unfunded Mandates: Federal government imposes responsibilities states but provides insufficient funding.	son	\$146 million
	Medicare/Medicaid Dual Eligibles: Increased use of prescription drugs shifts costs of health care for low-income elderly from federal Medicare program to state Medicaid programs.		\$51 million
$\triangleright$	Federal Fiscal Relief: Congress approved temporary grants in 2003.		(\$76 million)
	TOTAL COST (net of fiscal relief), 2002-20	05:	\$129 million
Federal Policies Have Worsened Alaska's Fiscal Problems		Ranking among 50 states plus D.C.	
$\triangleright$	Total cost as percent of General Fund budget (2002-2005):	2.2%	51 <sup>st</sup>

-		2.2/0	51
$\triangleright$	Net cost as percent of General Fund budget,		
	including offsetting federal fiscal relief (2002-2005):	1.4%	51 <sup>st</sup>



## Net Cost of Federal Policy to Alaska as a Percentage of State General Fund Budget

Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, *Passing Down the Deficit:* Federal Policies Contribute to the Severity of the State Fiscal Crisis, May 12, 2004.