INCOME INEQUALITY HAS INCREASED IN NEW HAMPSHIRE SINCE THE 1970s

Inequality has increased in New Hampshire over the past two decades. This can be observed by ranking all New Hampshire families according to their income level, dividing them into five groups (or fifths) of equal size, and calculating the average income of each fifth of families. This analysis shows by the late 1990s:

- The richest 20 percent of families had average incomes 8.2 times as large as the poorest 20 percent of families.
- The richest 20 percent of families had average incomes 2.7 times as large as the middle 20 percent of families.

The Long-Term Trend

Since the late 1970s, income inequality has increased in New Hampshire. The economic growth of the 1980s and 1990s was not shared evenly among the poor, the rich, and the middle class. Instead, the top fifth of families fared substantially better than other income groups.

In the late 1970s, the richest 20 percent of families had average incomes 5.6 times as large as the poorest 20 percent of families. By the late 1990s, that ratio had grown to 8.2.

- The average income of the poorest fifth of families increased by \$2,080 between the late 1970s and the late 1990s, from \$17,240 to \$19,320.
- The average income of the middle fifth of families increased by \$14,320 between the late 1970s and the late 1990s, from \$45,200 to \$59,520.
- The average income of the richest fifth of families increased by \$61,360 between the late 1970s and the late 1990s, from \$97,140 to \$158,500.

The Recent Trend

Over the past decade, income inequality has increased in New Hampshire.

In the late 1980s, the richest 20 percent of families had average incomes 6.9 times as large as the poorest 20 percent of families. By the late 1990s, that ratio had increased to 8.2. The gap between the rich and the middle class also increased. This increase was the 13th greatest in the nation.

- The average income of the poorest fifth of families decreased by \$480 between the late 1980s and the late 1990s, from \$19,800 to \$19,320.1
- The average income of the middle fifth of families increased by \$790 between the late 1980s and the late 1990s, from \$58,720 to \$59,520.1
- The average income of the richest fifth of families increased by \$21,260 between the late 1980s and the late 1990s, from \$137,240 to \$158,500.

Source: Economic Policy Institute/Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, *Pulling Apart: A State-by-State Analysis of Income Trends*, April 2002.

¹ The direction of this change is not statistically significant at the 95 percent level of confidence.

New Hampshire

Income Inequality Among Families In New Hampshire Has Increased Since the 1970s

Income Gaps, Late 1990s

Income Gaps, Late 1990s

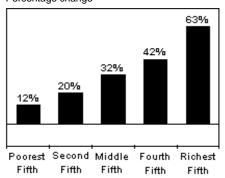
Rank (1 is most unequal)			
Richest fifth vs. poorest fifth	40	Richest fifth vs. poorest fifth	8.2
Richest fifth vs. middle fifth	29	Richest fifth vs. middle fifth	2.7

Inflation-Adjusted Change in Incomes Late 1970s to Late 1990s

	Dollar Change		% Change	
Poorest Fifth	2,080	*	12.1%	+
Middle Fifth	14,320	*	31.7%	+
Richest Fifth	61,360	*	63.2%	

Income Changes for New Hampshire Families Late 1970s to Late 1990s, by Fifth of Families

Percentage change

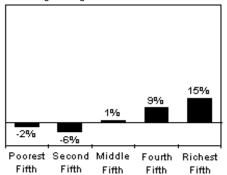


Inflation-Adjusted Change in Incomes Late 1980s to Late 1990s

	Dollar Change	% Change
Poorest Fifth	-480	-2.4% +
Middle Fifth	790	1.4% +
Richest Fifth	21,260 *	15.5%

Income Changes for New Hampshire Families Late 1980s to Late 1990s, by Fifth of Families

Percentage change



Source: Economic Policy Institute/Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, *Pulling Apart: A State-by-State Analysis of Income Trends*, April 2002.

^{*} Change is statistically significant at the 95% confidence level.

⁺ Difference between this change and the percent change in the income of the top fifth is statistically significant at the 95% confidence level.