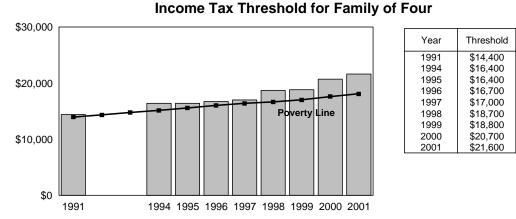
## Wisconsin

## Wisconsin Treats Poor Families Under Its Income Tax Better Than Most States

Wisconsin's 2001 income tax threshold — the income level at which families begin paying income tax:		Ranking among 42 states with income taxes
Ŕ	For two-parent families of four: <b>\$21,600</b> .	14 <sup>th</sup> highest
¢	For single-parent families of three: <b>\$18,500</b> .	16 <sup>th</sup> highest
Wisconsin's 2001 income tax on working-poor and near-poor families:		
13	For families of three or four with <i>full-time minimum-wage earnings</i> (\$10,712): <b>\$561 refund</b> .	8 <sup>th</sup> highest refund
L\$F	For families of four with <i>incomes at the poverty line (\$18,104)</i> : <b>\$401 refund</b> .	7 <sup>th</sup> highest refund
ß	For families of three with <i>incomes at the poverty line (\$14,129):</i> <b>\$381 refund.</b>	9 <sup>th</sup> highest refund
ß	For families of three with <i>incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$17,661):</i> <b>\$79 refund.</b>	10 <sup>th</sup> highest refund
r) R	For families of four with <i>incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$22,630):</i> <b>\$86 tax</b> .	25 <sup>th</sup> highest tax
Wisconsin has consistently exempted families with below-poverty earnings from the income tax.		

- In 1991, a family of four owed no tax until its income reached 3 percent *above* the poverty line. Wisconsin's tax threshold is now 19 percent *above* the poverty line.
- Under changes enacted in 1999, Wisconsin's tax threshold increased in 2000 and again in 2001.



Source: CBPP, State Income Tax Burdens on Low-Income Families in 2001, February 26, 2002.