North Dakota

North Dakota Exempts Poor Families from the Income Tax

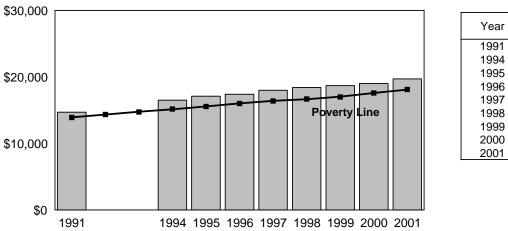
| North Dakota's 2001 income tax threshold — the income level at which families begin paying income tax: | | Ranking among 42 states with income taxes |
|--|--|---|
| rē ^s | For two-parent families of four: \$19,700 . | 20 th highest |
| 13F | For single-parent families of three: \$15,800 . | 20 th highest (tie) |

North Dakota's 2001 income tax on working-poor and near-poor families:

- No tax on families with *incomes at the poverty line* (\$18,104 for family of four, \$14,129 for family of three).
- No tax on families of three or four with *full-time minimum wage earnings* (\$10,712).
- For families of three with *incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$17,661):* \$49.
 20th lowest
- For families of four with *incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$22,630):* \$72.
 17th lowest

North Dakota has consistently exempted families with below-poverty earnings from the income tax.

- Because North Dakota's tax threshold for families of four has risen over the last decade, the threshold has remained above the poverty line. (See chart.)
- In 1991, a family of four owed no tax until its income reached 6 percent above the poverty line. North Dakota's tax threshold is now 9 percent above the poverty line



Income Tax Threshold for Family of Four

Threshold

\$14,700

\$16,500

\$17.100

\$17,400

\$18,000

\$18.400

\$18,700

\$19,000

\$19,700

Source: CBPP, State Income Tax Burdens on Low-Income Families in 2001, February 26, 2002.