Massachusetts

Massachusetts Treats Working-Poor and Near-Poor Families Under Its Income Tax Better Than Most States

Massachusetts's 2006 income tax threshold Rank among the 42 states with income taxes

(The income level at which families begin paying income tax)

(1 = lowest threshold)

For single-parent families of three: \$24,300

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For two-parent families of four: \$26,200

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Massachusetts's 2006 income tax levied on working-poor and near-poor families Rank (1 = highest tax)

For families of three with incomes at the poverty line (\$16,079): \$641 refund

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For families of four with incomes at the poverty line (\$20,615): \$447 refund

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For families of three with minimum-wage earnings (\$14,040): \$680 refund

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■ For families of four with incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$25,769): \$33 refund

For families of three with incomes at 125% of poverty line (\$20,099): \$333 refund

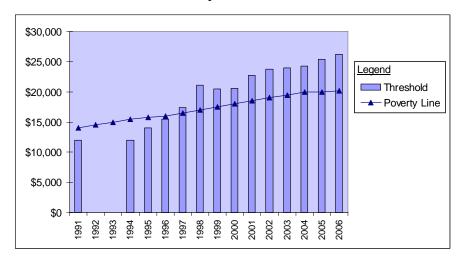
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Since 1997, Massachusetts has exempted working poor families from the income tax.

- In 1994, families of four with earnings 21 percent below the poverty line faced income tax liability in Massachusetts. By 2006, the threshold had increased to 27 percent above the poverty line.
- Massachusetts provides a refundable Earned Income Tax Credit to help poor families work their way out of poverty. At \$447, Massachusetts' refund for families of four at the poverty line is among the five largest in the nation.

Income Tax Threshold for Family of Four



Year	Threshold
1991	\$12,000
1992	no data
1993	no data
1994	\$12,000
1995	\$14,000
1996	\$15,500
1997	\$17,400
1998	\$21,100
1999	\$20,500
2000	\$20,600
2001	\$22,700
2002	\$23,800
2003	\$24,000
2004	\$24,300
2005	\$25,400
2006	\$26,200

